## CESSNA PERFORMANCE TAKEOFF DISTANCE

CONDITIONS:

Flaps 200

2600 RPM and Full Throttle Prior to Brake Release

Cowl Flaps Open

Paved, Level, Dry Runway

Zero Wind

4. OTHER FACTORS
DEPENDING ON YOUR MODEL,
THE NOTES SECTION WILL VARY.
IN THIS EXAMPLE, WE MUST
FACTOR IN THE DIFFERENT WINDS.

EXAMPLE PROBLEM

PRESSURE ALTITUDE: 2000 FT. TEMPERATURE: 21° C WIND: 15KTS HEADWIND GROSS WEIGHT: 2950 LBS

1740 \* .85 = 1479 FEET

## NOTES:

Maximum performance technique as specified in Section 4.

 Prior to takeoff from fields above 5000 feet elevation, the mixture should be leaned to give maximum power in a full throttle, static runup.
 WE SEE THAT A 15KT HEADWIND DECREASES DISTANCE BY JUST UNDER 15%

Decrease distances 10% for each 9 knots headwind. For operation with talwinds up to 10 knots, increase distances by 10% for each 2 knots.

4. Where distance value has been deleted, climb performance after lift-off is less than 150 fpm at takeoff speed.

5. For operation on a dry, grass runway, increase distances by 15% of the "ground rol" figure.

VEIGHT LBS	TAKEOFF		PRESS	0°C		10°C		20°C		30°C		40°C	
	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	AT	ALT	GRND ROLL	TOTAL TO CLEAR 50 FT OBS	GRND ROLL	TOTAL TO CLEAR 50 FT OBS	GRND ROLL	TOTAL TO CLEAR 50 FT OBS	GRND ROLL	TOTAL TO CLEAR 50 FT OBS	GRND ROLL	TOTAL TO CLEAR 50 FT OBS
2950	49	57	S.L. 1000	635 690	DIRECTI	Y ACRO	1305 SS 1430	730 795	1395 1530	780 850	1490 1635	835 910	1590 1745
1. START WITH WEIGHT THIS CHART ONLY HAS THE MAX. TAKEOFF WEIGHT LSITED. WHICH IS THE MOST CONSERV- ATIVE VALUE. OTHER CHARTS MAY HAVE MULTIPLE WEIGHT VALUES			40 IN THI		URE ALTITUDE Pressure altitude	890 970 1065	2115 THE	LECT TEMPLE ARE TEMPE	ERATURE O	NTERPOLAT 1020 1120 1230	1985 2205 2460	995 1090 1195 1315	1925 2130 2370 2655
	RSION FACT		6000 7000 8000	1090 1200 1325	2185 2450 2765	1175 1290 1425	2360 BECA	USE OUR VAL BETWEEN, WI RPOLATE.	UE OF 21° 5	1740 1490	2765 3145	1450	3005

## CONSIDERATIONS

PAY ATTENTION TO THE AIRCRAFT CONDITIONS AND NOTES. THIS CHART IS VALID FOR FLAPS 20, 2600 RPM, WITH COWL FLAPS OPEN ON A DRY, PAVED, LEVEL RUNWAY.
THIS IS PERFORMANCE FOR TAKEOFF OVER A 50' OBSTACLE. THE COLUMN TO THE LEFT UNDER EACH TEMPERATURE RANGE REPRESENTS THE GROUND ROLL DISTANCE.

REALIZE THAT THERE ARE A LOT OF VARIABLES
IN PERFORMANCE NUMBERS AND YOU ARE NOT
A PERFECT PILOT. ADD SAFETY MARGIN TO ENSURE
YOU OPERATE SAFELY. 500' IS A GOOD START.

## STUDY TECHNIQUE

FOLLOW ALONG WITH THE PRACTICE PROBLEM FIRST.
AFTER YOU FEEL COMFORTABLE WITH HOW THE TABLE WORKS, DO SOME PRACTICE PROBLEMS ON YOUR OWN.
IF YOU ARE FLYNG A CESSNA OR ANOTHER AIRPLANE WITH CHARTS LIKE THIS, YOU NEED TO BE VERY FAMILIAR WITH THEM.
IF YOU FLY AN AIRPLANE WITHOUT THESE CHARTS, BE FAMILIAR ENOUGH TO COMFORTABLY ANSWER QUESTIONS ON YOUR WRITTEN TEST.

